

The Daily State Chronicle

VIII—NO 100.

RALEIGH, N. C., SATURDAY, JANUARY 3, 1891.

PRICE 5 CENTS.

THE INDIAN WAR.

MAJOR GENERAL MILLS MAY BE LOOKED FOR AT ONCE.

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THE KOCH TREATMENT.

Dr. Battle Saw Dr. Koch and Procured a Vial of the Lymph.

Dr. S. Westray Battle, of Asheville, has returned from Berlin, where he went to investigate the now famous Koch treatment. Speaking of the lymph treatment, he said to the Asheville Citizen:

"It undoubtedly has a great future, although it will take some time to establish the full merits of the remedy. A great deal depends upon discrimination and wisdom in the selection of cases for treatment, and the proper diagnosis. The reputation of the remedy will be made or marred by the care or carelessness exercised in its administration. I gave special attention to the Bethanien hospital, where there were excellent facilities for studying all phases of the tubercular diseases."

"I would not have procured the lymph so easily perhaps but for the fact that I travelled under my commission as a naval officer, as the German authorities are more than ever disposed to exercise great care in dispensing the remedy."

Dr. Battle procured a vial of the lymph, and will open the package in the presence of a number of his fellow physicians at his office to day. This package, he says, cost him twenty-six marks, or about \$6.00. He had an offer of \$1,000 for his supply and thinks he could have sold it for five times as much.

Several applications have been made to Dr. Battle already for treatment, and he made his first injection this afternoon. He has been promised another supply of the lymph later, if desired.

Referring to cases of poor persons who cannot pay for treatment, Dr. Battle said that his "sympathy, attention and lymph are as much at their disposal as ever before."

The Doctor was very conservative in the expression of his opinion as to the value of the remedy to suffering humanity, but is hopeful of results that will justify the claims made for it by many who have taken it up. He has contributed an article, which will appear in the Philadelphia Medical News, Saturday, upon the remedy and its administration.

A REVOLUTION IN LIMA.

It Is Thought That There Is no Further Danger.

(By United Press.)

NEW YORK, Jan. 2.—Advices from Peru received yesterday gave the details of the revolution which occurred in Lima on December 31. Pierola, the Boulanger of Peru, has been quietly at work for some time among the lower classes endeavoring to create a revolution which would place him in the position of dictator. On the afternoon of December 3, several of Pierola's followers obtained admission to Fort Santa Catalina with about 80 of their men. A prearranged signal was given and the insurrectionists suddenly took possession of the fort. The government troops were called out and for two hours a fierce fight was waged, which ended in the defeat of the revolutionists.

The Peruvian Consul said yesterday that there was no fear of a further outbreak. On the day following the affair, he said the people flocked to the Palace and assured President Bermudez of their loyalty to the government.

The correspondents of W. R. Grace & Co. made light of the trouble and say that there is no further danger of a revolution. Had the followers of Pierola succeeded, it would thoroughly have unsettled Peruvian affairs, both political and commercial.

Seventy-five of the insurrectionists were killed in the fight at the fort.

CAUSE OF THE FAYETTEVILLE BANK TROUBLE.

McNeill and Brother Make an Assignment.

(Special to STATE CHRONICLE.)

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., Jan. 2.—Geo. P. McNeill, Cashier of the broken People's National Bank and his brother Jno. R. McNeill, doing a general merchandise racket store business under the firm name of McNeill and Brother, assigned to-day. Liabilities between twenty and twenty-five thousand dollars; assets about equal to preferences, viz: eleven thousand five hundred dollars.

It has come to light that President E. F. Moore used about one hundred and seven thousand dollars of the broken bank's funds with collaterals worth less than forty thousand. Thus it can readily be seen what has gone with the honest stockholders' money. Comment is unnecessary.

ALLOWED TO DANGLE ALL DAY.

(By United Press.)

WACO, Tex., Jan. 2.—Early Wednesday afternoon Chas. Beale, a negro aged 20, entered the residence of James Fisher, a farmer near Lang, Falls County, and finding Mrs. Fisher alone, terribly abused her and finally injured her skull with a hammer. He then left taking away a small sum of money. Neighbors called and found Mrs. Fisher still alive. A party of young men started in pursuit and at two o'clock yesterday morning they had the negro captured. The victim identified him after which he confessed. Beale was taken to a grove near by where he was hoisted to a bough on which his body was allowed to dangle nearly all day. Mrs. Fisher will die.

PERSONAL AND SOCIAL.

Deep as was our disappointment at the failure to secure Judge MacRae's re-nomination, it is a pleasure to have him once more a prominent member of the Fayetteville bar. His experience and ability as a lawyer need nothing of mention from our pen.—Fayetteville Observer.

Col. D. Worthington, of Williamston, whose second term as Solicitor expired January 1st, has located in Rocky Mount to practice his profession.

NEW BERNE COMING TO THE FRONT.

Big Preparations for the Fish, Oyster and Game Fair—Notes of Improvement.

(Staff Cor. STATE CHRONICLE.)

NEW BERNE, N. C., Jan. 1.—I never come to New Berne and go away without noticing marks of improvement since my last trip. One cannot see nor understand the amount of business done here unless he takes time and walks around the town. Having some little time, I went for a stroll.

First I found that there are in and around New Berne twelve saw mills and one planer consuming about 25,000 feet of logs per day; two oyster canning factories giving employment to about 1,000 hands during the canning season, which lasts for about six months during the year, beginning October 1st and ending sometime in April. The wooden dish and plate factory which was blown down last year has been rebuilt, and they are now doing a flourishing business. They also make paper pulp.

There is no town of its size in the State that is any better provided with good schools than this; and it is well known that the fire department of New Berne is not surpassed by any town in the State. This is one of the institutions of the town that every citizen is proud of and loves to talk about, and well may they be, for every thing connected with the department is thorough and complete, and the services rendered by the department at recent fires, which have occurred here, prove the efficiency of the department.

In addition to the fertilizer factory which has been operating for the past two or three years by Meadows & Meadows, they contemplate starting another one soon.

While strolling down near the river I heard a steamboat's whistle blow, and upon going to the wharf, I saw the new steamer—NEUSE. Upon going aboard I formed the acquaintance of Mr. Geo. Henderson, the clever agent for the Eastern Carolina Dispatch line. He kindly showed me over the boat. It is about 200 feet long and 31 feet wide; has two decks—the lower one for freight, which has a capacity of 700 tons gross and 475 net. She has six engines. The upper deck contains the dining saloon, and elegant accommodations for passengers. The state's rooms, toilet rooms, reading saloons in the first class department are handsomely furnished and carpeted and lighted with electricity. In fact nothing has been neglected in the construction of the Neuse to make her first class in every respect.

She can accommodate comfortably about 125 passengers. Her second class passenger department is as comfortable and well fitted up as the first-class apartments of many good boats. Capt. Peter Davis is the chief commander of the Neuse. Her run is from New Berne to Elizabeth City, a distance of about 125 miles.

The coming fair of the Eastern Carolina Fish, Oyster, Game, Industrial Association is the big thing in New Berne just at this time. Big preparations are being made to make this fair eclipse others heretofore held in New Berne. The association has added to its grounds a race track course and are offering the highest premiums that have ever been offered by any fair ever held in the State. A new and attractive program will be issued each day during the fair for the amusement and pleasure of visitors, and I hope that everybody away up the country will come. It will be well worth the trip. You need not fear for lack of hotel accommodations. New Berne is well up in this respect. In addition to the Hotel Albert and Gaston House, the hospitable people will open their doors to visitors.

From what I can hear, the trucking business will be engaged in here the coming season on a very large scale.

H. B. H.

TWO SENATOR HOARS.

One as a Journalist Feels That He Must Tell the Truth—Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde.

(From the National Democrat.)

The Youth's Companion, in its issue of November 13, contains an article on the senate written by George F. Hoar. In his capacity as a journalist Mr. Hoar says:

"In this assembly speech is absolutely unfettered. Every measure can be discussed without restraint and amended without limit. This is of immense importance, not only to the perfection of legislation, but also to the dignity of the Senate, and in my opinion, to civil liberty itself."

And then George Frisbie Hoar, laying down the pen of a ready writer, puts on the toga of a Senator and demands the adoption of a rule that will close debate whenever the majority of the Senators want to rush through some Legislation that the people have condemned.

Died While Singing.

(By United Press.)

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 2.—Maggie Smith, a woman of questionable character, with a male companion, entered a wine room at the corner of Sixth and Elm streets, shortly after one o'clock this morning. The couple took seats at a table near where a man was playing a piano and singing the song, "The Mottos That are Framed Upon the Wall." The woman drank some beer, arose and joined in the singing. She had proceeded only as far in the song as "God bless our home, in God we trust," when she reeled suddenly, fell to the floor, and after a severe struggle breathed her last. It is supposed she put poison in her beer.

TELEGRAPHIC FLASHES.

(By Cable to STATE CHRONICLE.)

PARIS, Jan. 2.—Mr. O'Brien cabled Mr. Dillon that Mr. Parnell will retire if Mr. O'Brien will take the leadership. The conference adjourned to await the answer.

A. AND M. COLLEGE.

ITS FINANCIAL CONDITION AND ITS NEEDS.

It Will Ask the State to Appropriate \$25,000 for 1891; \$25,000 for 1892; and \$10,000 per Annum Thereafter.

A committee of the Board of Trustees of the A. & M. College and the Board of Agriculture have presented a financial report of that institution to the Board of Trustees which is as follows:

RALEIGH, N. C., Dec. 31, 1890.

DEAR SIRS:—Allow us to ask your careful consideration of the following circular letter in regard to one of the most important interests of our State, the North Carolina College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts.

No part of the Union is susceptible of greater development than North Carolina. To develop her agricultural, dairy, horticultural, mechanical, mining and manufacturing interests, men of special training are required. We have been sending away to get such specialists, who command high salaries when obtained.

It is entirely practicable to train many of the bright youth of North Carolina to fill most of the positions which are now occupied by skilled men from other States.

The North Carolina College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts, located within one mile of Raleigh, is an institution which gives scientific and practical education of a kind especially needed to develop our diversified interests.

We take pleasure in mailing you a pamphlet of the College, and ask your careful attention of its aims and objects, and of the work now being accomplished.

The College owns a plant, consisting of Sixty-two acres of land, given by Mr. R. S. Pullen, of Raleigh, worth \$5,000.00. One main building, 35,000.00. One mechanical building, 7,500.00. Equipment, apparatus, etc., say, 7,500.00.

Total, \$55,000.00.

The plant has not cost the taxpayers of North Carolina a dollar of the funds derived from direct taxes. It has been furnished by the surplus money of the Board of Agriculture, derived from a license-tax on fertilizers, and it has been proved that this tax did not make the farmer pay more for this commodity than is charged for the same in surrounding States. This tax has now been declared unconstitutional by the Federal Court, and our plans for future development are checked in the beginning of a career of usefulness.

The College receives, for purposes of tuition, the interest on what is known as the Land Scrip, for which the State pays annually the sum of \$7,500 of interest. Congress has also passed an act granting to the Agricultural Colleges \$15,000 per annum, increasing \$1,000 per year until the sum of \$25,000 shall have been reached, which fund will have to be divided by the Legislature equitably between the white and colored races for industrial education.

Neither of these funds can be touched for building purposes, for repairs of buildings, or for the purchase of land, but by law must be used for giving instruction and for the facilities for such instruction other than buildings or repairs of same.

To complete our plant as originally mapped out will require, at least, the sum of \$100,000, for the following purposes, viz: Additional College buildings, dormitory accommodations, heavy equipment, such as tools and appliances for the agricultural and horticultural departments, barns and stables, boiler and engine for mechanical department, equipment for the pattern shops, permanent facilities for lighting, heating, etc.

We will not have room for the students which will, in all probability come to us in the session of 1891-'2 unless we can secure State aid to provide accommodations and facilities.

Then, again, we need this plant to enable us to utilize the last-named grant of Congress to the greatest advantage. Please bear in mind that the greatest cost is for maintenance, and that is provided for. Buildings and heavy equipment need to be provided but once, should no casualties occur.

The Trustees of the College would have asked nothing from the State had not its own means been interfered with by the Federal Courts. They, therefore, impelled as they believe by loyalty to the best interest of the State, have determined to ask the coming session of the General Assembly to appropriate for the purposes above mentioned the following sums, viz: \$25,000 for 1891, \$25,000 for 1892, and the sum of \$10,000 per annum thereafter.

We believe you will appreciate the necessity for such appropriation, and view it as money invested, which will be returned with abundant interest in the general development of our Commonwealth.

Such colleges are now regarded as practical necessities, and are established in nearly every State in the Union, having plants costing from \$100,000 to \$300,000, all of which have been furnished by direct State aid.

We appeal with confidence to your patriotism and wise consideration and action when the matter shall be presented in the Legislature, and remain, With great respect,

W. S. PRIMROSE,
W. F. GREEN,
S. B. ALEXANDER,
H. E. FRIES,
W. E. STEPHENS,
ELIAS CARR,
A. LEAZAR,
J. F. PAYNE,
N. B. BROUGHTON,

Committee of the Board of Trustees of the North Carolina College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts, and of the Board of Agriculture.

The President Approves the Bill Appropriating \$25,000 for the Public Building at Reidsville, N. C.

(By United Press.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 2.—The President has approved bills for the erection of public buildings as follows: Norfolk, Va., \$150,000; Reidsville, N. C., \$25,000; Rome, Ga., \$50,000.

A CORRECTION.

The Resolutions of the County Superintendents Were Not Adopted Unanimously.

(Special Cor. of STATE CHRONICLE.)

CLINTON, N. C., Jan. 1.—I learn that in the CHRONICLE of December 28th, in the reported proceedings of the Association of County Superintendents, held at Raleigh, December 26th, it is stated that these resolutions were adopted unanimously: 1st, To raise the present tax for public schools to twenty-five cents on each hundred dollars' worth of real and personal property. 2d, A resolution favoring compulsory education. These resolutions were discussed at considerable length and some changes made from the reports pressed by the committee, and were opposed by some of the Superintendents, but I cannot give the names of any of them, except Superintendent Wilkinson, of Edgecombe. The reason why I recited the name of Superintendent Wilkinson as opposing, is because he was chairman of the committee on the first resolution, and entered his protest to the report of the committee, and had it recorded in the minutes, and he told me privately that he was opposed to both measures.

I ask the publication of this in justice to those opposing the measures.

ISHAM ROYALL.

Death of Gen. Philemon B. Hawkins.

Yesterday morning as the second sun of the new year was redning the sky, General Philemon Benjamin Hawkins died at his home in Louisburg.

Gen. Hawkins was the fifth son of Colonel John B. and Jane A. Hawkins, and was born at the ancestral home in Franklin county on the 11th day of May, 1823. Some of his brothers have attained distinguished success in life in the more Southern States—Florida, Mississippi, Louisiana and Texas. But General Hawkins, like his brother Dr. William J. Hawkins, remained in North Carolina, and passed his life of usefulness and honor within her borders. He was for a long time, both before and after the war, engaged in the work of a railroad contractor upon a large scale, and was for some years a director of the North Carolina R. R. Much of his life was spent in agricultural pursuits, and he represented his native county in both branches of the General Assembly, both before and after the war. He married his cousin, Fannie M. Hawkins, who, with two children, yet survive him. His kindness of heart and profuse hospitality were so great as to impair his estate, and his affectionate disposition endeared him to his family, his relatives and his friends in no ordinary degree.

He has been in failing health for some months and had a severe attack of typhoid fever, possibly rendered more severe from the effects of an injury received in a runaway accident.

He died, as he had lived, without an enemy; a consistent member of the Episcopal church, and in the full hope of a glorious resurrection.

The announcement of the funeral appears elsewhere.

NORTH CAROLINA'S DEAD.

(Wilmington Messenger.)

In the following mortuary list of North Carolinians for 1890, we of course give but a few of the many who have died. It will be seen how much North Carolina was bereaved in the year just ended: Alfred A. McKethan, Hon. James C. Harper, ex-member of Congress, Henry S. Nunn, editor of the New Berne Daily Journal, Col. U. Vaughan, Dr. William G. Thomas, Dr. B. F. Whitaker, Capt. Samuel J. Skinner, ex editor and lawyer, J. J. Bruner, the oldest editor in the State, Dr. Peter W. Stancil, Rev. Adolphus W. Mangum, D. D. Professor in the University of North Carolina, Abraham W. Venable, Professor J. L. Tomlinson, Col. William E. Anderson, Rev. Dr. James E. Mann, Maj. William J. Yates, W. A. Darden, Judge W. M. Shipp, of the Circuit Court, Col. John N. Whitford, Rev. Dr. Turner M. Jones, President of Greensboro Female College, Rev. P. F. W. Stamey, Rev. John Tillet, Frederick J. Strudwick, Capt. Walter W. Lenoir, Col. J. B. Miller, Rev. Lucien Holmes, W. H. Overman, Capt. Thomas C. Evans, editor, Capt. Richard B. Saunders, Maj. Hamilton Seales, Maj. Richmond T. Long, Rev. P. H. Joyner, Thomas W. Harris, Col. Thomas J. Sumner, Capt. W. A. Farrier, Joshua Barnes, Dr. W. L. Hillard, William Maxwell, Nathaniel B. Jones, Rev. J. T. Harris, Superintendent of Oxford Orphan Asylum, Rev. Dr. William E. Bobbitt, Maj. B. F. Logan, Robert G. Lewis and Mrs. Graham, relict of the late Hon. William A. Graham.

"Death is the crown of life."

McCarthyites Stirred Over the Parnell and O'Brien Terms.

(By Cable to STATE CHRONICLE.)

LONDON, Jan. 2.—The McCarthyites are deeply stirred over the statement that Parnell and O'Brien have practically come to terms. Tim Healey is reported as saying: "While I have the greatest respect for Mr. O'Brien, that very respect prevents me from believing it possible that he could attempt to override the will of the majority, who have deliberately chosen Justin McCarthy as leader of the Irish Parliamentary party. The English liberals, without whom we could not get home rule in a thousand years, will shun any arrangement dictated by Mr. Parnell. The McCarthyites are evidently resolved to stand by the arrangements already made, and telegrams have been sent to Mr. O'Brien earnestly urging him not to give way to Parnell."

It is a Solid and Prosperous Road.

(Twin-City Daily.)

When a Southern railroad can, like the Raleigh and Gaston, sustain the destruction of seventeen locomotives, without suffering suspension or interruption of its traffic, it shows that Southern resources and development are apace with the balance of the world.

NORTH CAROLINA TEACHERS' ASSEMBLY.

The Executive Committee Desires That the Eighth Session (June 1891,) to be Held at Morehead City—Extensive Preparations for the Grandest Meeting of the Assembly.

The Executive Committee of the North Carolina Teachers' Assembly held their annual meeting at the Yarbboro House in Raleigh on December 26th. There was a full attendance and the members were enthusiastic at the indications of the grandest session next June that the Assembly has ever held.

The committee spent considerable time in carefully discussing a most liberal invitation from the proprietors of the splendid hotel at Hot Springs, N. C., to hold the coming session of the Assembly at that place. There was every desire to accept the kind invitation, but it was finally decided that in view of some special work which had been arranged for the coming session, requiring the conveniences and appurtenances of the Teachers' Building at Morehead City, it was absolutely necessary to hold the session of this year in the teachers' permanent home at Morehead City. Besides, the Educational Exposition which is now held in connection with the sessions of the Assembly requires the rooms provided for this purpose in the teachers' building. Thanks were returned to the proprietor of Hot Springs Hotel for his liberal invitation.

The committee on Programme is formulating an unusually valuable plan of work for the session.

Among other interesting features the celebrated and popular black-board artist and caricaturist, Frank Beard, will be again engaged for two evening entertainments and a special course of instructive talks to teachers upon the subject of drawing in the schools. This work will all be free to the Assembly.

From letters received and enthusiasm which prevails throughout the State it is estimated that over 3,000 teachers will attend the session of the Assembly June 10th to 20, 1891 at Morehead City.

Our Drummers.

A good many pleasant things have been said, during the holiday season, about pleasant people, and in a pleasant way, but all else fails, when the pleasanties of the "drummer" is brought to notice. Raleigh has seventeen of her best and most experienced business men out on the roads, making fortunes for firms in the larger cities. There is no class of people on the green earth more pleasant than the drummer and the Raleigh drummer is ahead of all others in this respect. Nothing has given the editors of the CHRONICLE more pleasure during the holidays than the hearty hand shakes, the smiles, the pleasanties, that have been exchanged with our drummers that have been spending the holidays at home. We take great pleasure in giving a list of this noble, self-sacrificing, genial and hard working set of men, and wish each and all, peace, happiness and prosperity during the year 1891. The list is as follows. Messrs. J. A. Higgs, Richard E. Hervey, O. J. Carroll, Edward J. Hardin, J. W. Foy, L. B. Pegram, J. A. Sanders, J. D. Creech, Andrew J. King, Sherwood Higgs, W. D. Lindsay, J. C. Kearney, J. R. Barclay, R. O. King, W. E. Dewar, J. D. Edwards and C. C. Hamlet.

LATE NEWS ITEMS.

The Fayetteville people are anxious to secure the completion of the Lynchburg & Durham road to that place, and will hold a meeting to see what inducements can be offered, says the Observer.

Work has commenced on the remaining line from Fayetteville to Rowland. This will complete the Atlantic Coast Line short cut from Wilson to Florence, and it is expected to have it completed by August next.

A Hyde correspondent of the Washington Progress says Dr. Gall, an "eminent divine" of that county, charged a "poor sister \$50 for a receipts to cure warts," and that her friends are out with a subscription paper trying to raise the amount.

The Convocation of Tarboro, which includes the Episcopal churches of Warren, Halifax and Northampton counties will hold its next regular session in the church of the Good Shepherd, Rocky Mount, on Wednesday next, the 7th inst., and continue in session three days.—Roanoke News.

A young Mr. Townend, of Robeson county, in attempting to board a moving train at the depot of the Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley railway, lost his balance, and a wheel passed over his hand, crushing it so badly as to render amputation necessary—an operation performed by Drs. McDuffie and Highsmith.—Fayetteville Observer.

1891

Now the year